

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers unless otherwise asked to round.

1. Evaluate the surface integral $\iint_S y^2 dS$ where S is the part of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ that lies inside the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 1$.

$$G = z - \sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}$$

$$z = \sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}$$

$$\nabla G = \left\langle \frac{-x}{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}}, \frac{-y}{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}}, 1 \right\rangle$$

$$\|\nabla G\| = \sqrt{\frac{x^2}{4-x^2-y^2} + \frac{y^2}{4-x^2-y^2} + \frac{1(4-x^2-y^2)}{4-x^2-y^2}}$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 r^2 \sin^2 \theta \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{4-r^2}} r \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{4}{4-x^2-y^2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{4-r^2}}$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \frac{2r^3 \sin^2 \theta}{\sqrt{4-r^2}} \, dr \, d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2 \theta \left(-\frac{2}{3} \right) (x^2 + \theta) \sqrt{4-x^2} \Big|_0^1 \, d\theta =$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} -\frac{2}{3} (9\sqrt{3}-16) \sin^2 \theta \, d\theta = -\frac{2}{3} (9\sqrt{3}-16) \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1}{2} (1-\cos 2\theta) \, d\theta =$$

$$-\frac{1}{3} (9\sqrt{3}-16) \int_0^{2\pi} 1 - \cos 2\theta \, d\theta = -\frac{1}{3} (9\sqrt{3}-16) \left(\theta - \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta \right) \Big|_0^{2\pi} =$$

$$\frac{2(9\sqrt{3}-16)\pi}{3}$$

2. Find the flux $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S}$ for $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = xy\hat{i} + yz\hat{j} + xz\hat{k}$ where S is the surface of the paraboloid $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$ that lies above the square $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 1$ with upward orientation.

$$G = 4 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2 \text{ downward}$$

$$\nabla G = \langle -2x, -2y, -1 \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{F} \cdot \nabla G &= 2x^2y - 2y^2z - xz = -2x^2y - 2y^2(4-x^2-y^2) - x(4-x^2-y^2) \\ &= 2x^2y - 8y^2 + 2x^2y^2 + 2y^4 - 4x + x^3 + xy^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{upward} = 2x^2y + 8y^2 - 2x^2y^2 - 2y^4 + 4x - x^3 - xy^2$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^1 2x^2y + 8y^2 - 2x^2y^2 - 2y^4 + 4x - x^3 - xy^2 \, dy \, dx =$$

$$\int_0^1 \left(-\frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{2}{3}x^3(y)(y-1) + 2x^2 + \frac{x^2}{2}(y^2-4) + 8xy^2 \right) \Big|_0^1 \, dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \left(\frac{41}{6}y^2 + \frac{2}{3}y + \frac{7}{4} \right) \, dy = \left(\frac{41}{18}y^3 + \frac{y^2}{2} + \frac{7}{4}y \right) \Big|_0^1 = \frac{157}{36}$$