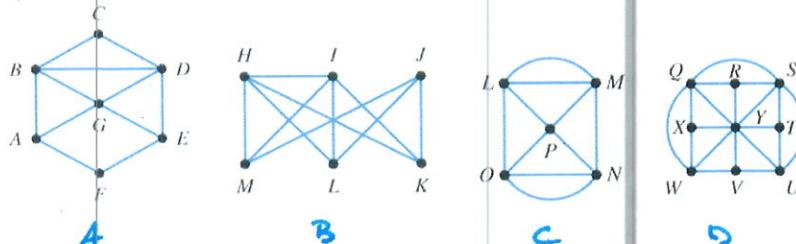


A network (graph) consists of two finite sets:

- A set of **vertices**, represented by a set of points in the plane and
- A set of **edges** that join some of the pairs of vertices, represented by joining the corresponding points in the plane by a curve.

Here are examples of **networks (graphs)**:



Note: An edge has two endpoints which are also vertices in the network and the edge does not pass through any other vertices between the two endpoints. However, a point at which two edges cross one another is not a vertex of the network.

1.) How many vertices are in each network above? *A:7, B:6, C:5, D:9*

a. How many of the vertices are even? *A:5, B:2, C:5, D:3*

b. How many of the vertices are odd? *A:2, B:4, C:0, D:6*

2.) How many edges are in each network above?

A:11, B:10, C:10, D:19

3.) A network can have a connected path or a not connected path. The four networks above are all connected networks. Draw a graph which is not connected below.

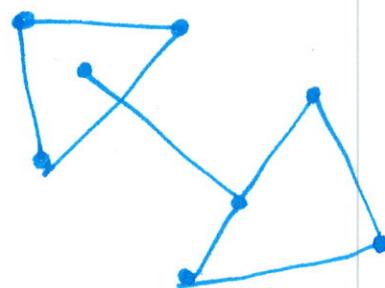


	Figure	Vertices (V)	Contains an Euler Path or Circuit?	Figure	Vertices (V)	Contains an Euler Path or Circuit?	
1.)		#: 7 Odd: 2 Even: 5	Path		V = 7 E = 9 R = 4	#: 7 Odd: 4 Even: 3	none
2.)		#: 6 Odd: 4 Even: 2	none		#: 3 Odd: 0 Even: 3	Circuit	
3.)		#: 5 Odd: 0 Even: 5			#: 8 Odd: 8 Even: 0	none	
4.)		#: 9 Odd: 6 Even: 3	none		#: 11 Odd: 10 Even: 5	none	

	Figure	Vertices (V)	Contains an Euler Path or Circuit?	Figure	Vertices (V)	Contains an Euler Path or Circuit?
9.)		#: 5 Odd: 2 Even: 3	Path		#: Odd: 6 Even: 1	none
10.)		#: 5 Odd: 4 Even: 1	none		#: Odd: 9 Even: 9	Circuit
11.)		#: 8 Odd: 0 Even: 8	Circuit		#: Odd: 2 Even: 4	Path