

**KEY**

**Instructions:** Show all work. Answers without work required to obtain the solution will not receive full credit. Some questions may contain multiple parts: be sure to answer all of them. Give exact answers unless specifically asked to estimate.

1. Reindex the series  $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1)a_n x^{n-2}$  to start at  $n = 0$ .

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} x^n$$

2. Find the first and second derivative of  $y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$ .

$$y' = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1}$$

$$y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} n(n-1) a_n x^{n-2}$$

3. Find the radius of convergence of

a.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n n^2 (x+2)^n}{3^n}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(-1)^{n+1} (n+1)^2 (x+2)^{n+1}}{3^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{3^n}{(-1)^n n^2 (x+2)^n} \right|$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \left( \frac{(n+1)^2}{n^2} \cdot \frac{x+2}{3} \right) \right| < 1 \quad \left| \frac{x+2}{3} \right| < 1$$

$$-\frac{1+3}{2} < x+2 < \frac{1+3}{2}$$

$$-5 < x < 1 \quad \text{radius of convergence is } 3$$

4. Write each expression as a series with the given center.

a.  $e^x, x_0 = 0$

$$1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{3} + \dots = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$$

b.  $x^2, x_0 = 1$

$$(x-1)^2 + 2(x-1) + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} (x-1)^2 &= x^2 - 2x + 1 \\ 2(x-1) &= \frac{2x-2}{x^2-1} \end{aligned}$$

b.  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n! x^n}{n^n} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(n+1)! x^{n+1}}{(n+1)^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{n^n}{n! x^n} \right|$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(n+1)x^n}{(n+1)^{n+1}} \right| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n}{n+1} \right)^n \cdot x$$

$$\left( \frac{n}{n+1} \right)^n = \left( 1 + \frac{1}{n+1} \right)^n \rightarrow e^{-1}$$

$$\left| \frac{x}{e} \right| < 1 \Rightarrow |x| < e \quad \text{radius of convergence}$$