

**Instructions:** Show all work. Give exact answers. All answers must be fully justified to receive full credit.

1. For each of the sets below, determine if the set represents a vector space. If it does, prove it by testing all three conditions for a subspace. If it does not, find at least one case where the vector space conditions are violated.

- a. The set of complex numbers  $\mathbb{C}$ , in the form  $a+bi$ , where  $a, b$  are real numbers.

① if  $a=b=0$  then  $a+bi=0 \checkmark$

②  $(a+bi) + (c+di) = (a+c) + (b+d)i$ ,  $a+c, b+d$  real  $\checkmark$

③  $k(a+bi) = (ka) + (kb)i$   $ka$  real,  $kb$  real  $\checkmark$   
is a vector space

b.  $H = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}, a+b+c=0 \right\}$  ①  $a, b, c = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \checkmark$

②  $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} d \\ e \\ f \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a+d \\ b+e \\ c+f \end{bmatrix}$   $(a+b+c) + (d+e+f) = 0+0=0 \checkmark$

③  $k \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ka \\ kb \\ kc \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow ka + kb + kc = k(a+b+c) = k(0)=0 \checkmark$

or write as  $\text{Span } \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix} = b \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + c \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  is a subspace

c.  $W = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} a & b & 1 \\ a & c & d \end{bmatrix} \right\}$  ① if  $a=b=c=d=0$   $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \neq 0 \text{ matrix}$

Not a subspace

- d. The set of polynomials of less than or equal to degree 4 of the form  $p(t) = a_1t + a_2t^2 + a_4t^4$  as a subspace of  $P_4$ . isomorphic to  $\mathbb{R}^5$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \\ 0 \\ a_4 \end{bmatrix} = a_1 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + a_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + a_4 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{span} \Rightarrow \text{subspace}$$

① or if  $a_1=a_2=a_4=0$   $p(t)=0$

②  $(at + bt^2 + ct^4) + (dt + et^2 + ft^4) = (a+d)t + (b+e)t^2 + (c+f)t^4$

③  $k(at + bt^2 + ct^4) = (ka)t + (kb)t^2 + (kc)t^4$ ,  $(a+d), (b+e), (c+f)$  are real  $\Rightarrow$  Subspace