Name	KEY

**Instructions**: Show work to receive partial credit on wrong answers. Decimals are acceptable for question #1, but convert to fractions if your calculator can.

1. A market research firm has been studying the buying pattern for shoppers of three competing products. The stochastic matrix describing their buying habits is given by  $P = \begin{bmatrix} .8 & .2 & .05 \\ .05 & .75 & .05 \\ .15 & .05 & .90 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find the equilibrium vector for the sales distribution of the products in the long term. How much market share will Product B have?

by calculator  $A^{90} = \begin{bmatrix} .3 & .3 & .3 \\ 1/6 & 1/6 \end{bmatrix}$   $g = \begin{bmatrix} 3/10 \\ 1/6 \\ 8/15 \end{bmatrix}$   $g = \begin{bmatrix} 3/10 \\ 1/6 \\ 8/16 \end{bmatrix}$ 

by computation  $\begin{bmatrix}
.8-1 & .2 & .05 \\
.05 & .75-1 & .05
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
-.2 & .2 & .05 \\
.05 & .75-1 & .05
\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & -9/16 \\
.05 & .05 & -.25 & .05
\end{bmatrix} | reb \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & -9/16 \\
0 & 1 & -9/16
\end{bmatrix}$   $\begin{array}{c}
X_1 - 9/16 \times 3 = 0 \\
X_2 - 9/16 \times 3 = 0
\end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c}
X_1 = 9/16 \times 3 \\
X_2 = 5/16 \times 3
\end{array} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{c}
3 = \begin{bmatrix}
.9 \\
.6
\end{bmatrix} -30 \begin{bmatrix}
.9/16 \\
.9/16
\end{bmatrix} -30 \begin{bmatrix}
.$ 

2. Determine if the vector  $\vec{v} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$  is an eigenvector of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .

 $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 & 2 \\ 4 & 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3x2 + 4x2 + 2x1 \\ 4y2 + 5x2 + 2x1 \\ 2x2 + 2x2 + 2x1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 10 + 8+2 \\ 8 + 10 + 2 \\ 4 + 4 + 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 20 \\ 20 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$ 

$$= \left[ 0, \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right]$$

therefore [2] is an eigenvector of the matrix

A; 3 if has eigenvalue x=10