

Instructions: Show all work. Use exact answers unless otherwise asked to round.

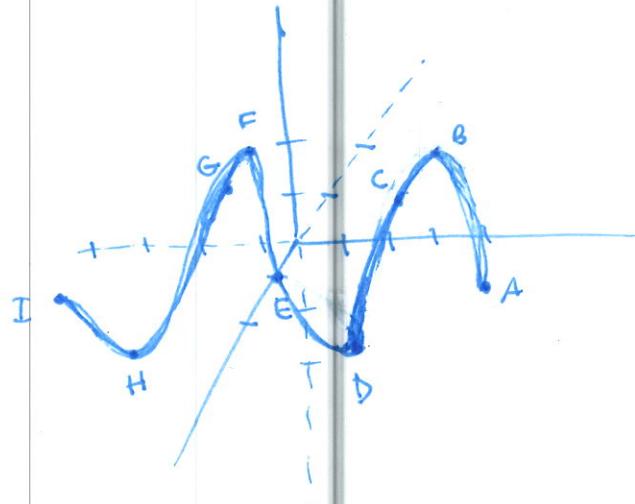
1. Find  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy^4}{x^2+y^8}$  if it exists or prove that it does not.

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{ky^4 y^4}{k^2 y^8 + y^8} &= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{ky^8}{y^8(k^2+1)} \\ &= \lim_{y \rightarrow 0} \frac{k}{k^2+1} = \text{DNE depends on } k \end{aligned}$$

path(s)  
 $x^2 = y^8$   
 $x = y^4$   
 $x = ky^4$

2. Sketch the graph of the vector-valued function  $\vec{r}(t) = \cos t \hat{i} - t \hat{j} + 2 \sin t \hat{k}$ . Use 10 points, and at least 2 full cycles. *~ quick*

$t$	$x$	$y$	$z$
$-2\pi$	1	$-2\pi$	0
$-\frac{3\pi}{2}$	0	$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	2
$-\pi$	-1	$\pi$	0
$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	0	$\frac{\pi}{2}$	-2
0	1	0	0
$\frac{\pi}{2}$	0	$-\frac{\pi}{2}$	2
$\pi$	-1	$-\pi$	0
$\frac{3\pi}{2}$	0	$-\frac{3\pi}{2}$	-2
$2\pi$	1	$-2\pi$	0



3. Using the function in #2, find the following:

a.  $\vec{r}'(t)$

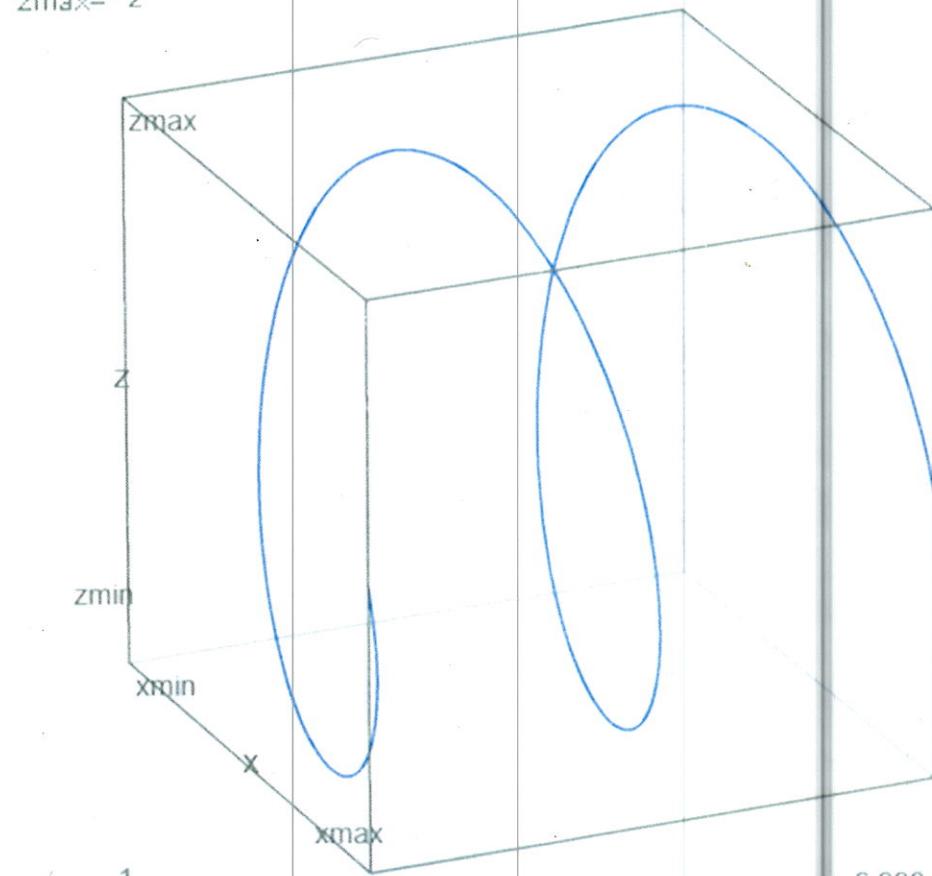
$$\vec{r}'(t) = -\sin t \hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2 \cos t \hat{k}$$

b.  $\int r(t) dt$

$$\int \vec{r}(t) dt = (\sin t + C_1) \hat{i} + \left(-\frac{t^2}{2} + C_2\right) \hat{j} + (-2 \cos t + C_3) \hat{k}$$

$z_{\min} = -2$

$z_{\max} = 2$



$x_{\min} = -1$

$x_{\max} = 1$

$-6.283 = y_{\min}$

$6.283 = y_{\max}$