

**Instructions:** Show all work. Answers without work required to obtain the solution will not receive full credit. Some questions may contain multiple parts: be sure to answer all of them. Give exact answers unless specifically asked to estimate.

1. Find  $\frac{d}{dt}[\vec{r}(t)]$  for  $\vec{r}(t) = 2 \cos t \hat{i} + 2 \sin t \hat{j} + 4 \cos 2t \hat{k}$ .

$$\vec{r}'(t) = -2 \sin t \hat{i} + 2 \cos t \hat{j} - 8 \sin 2t \hat{k}$$

2. Find  $\int_0^1 \frac{4}{1+t^2} \hat{i} + \frac{2t}{1+t^2} \hat{k} dt$ .

$$4 \arctan t \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + \ln|1+t^2| \Big|_0^1$$

$$= 4 \overset{\text{arctan}}{(0 + \pi/4)} \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + (\ln 2 - \underset{=0}{\ln 1}) \hat{k}$$

$$\pi \hat{i} + \ln 2 \hat{k}$$

3. Find all first partial derivatives of  $R(p, q) = \tan^{-1}(pq^2)$ .

$$R_p = \frac{1}{1+(pq^2)^2} \cdot q^2 = \frac{q^2}{1+p^2q^4}$$

$$R_q = \frac{1}{1+(pq^2)^2} \cdot 2pq = \frac{2pq}{1+p^2q^4}$$