

Instructions: Show all work. Answers without work required to obtain the solution will not receive full credit. Some questions may contain multiple parts: be sure to answer all of them. Give exact answers unless specifically asked to estimate.

1. Find the first three non-zero terms of the Maclaurin series of the function $f(x) = \sinh x$. Sketch the graph of these terms compared to $f(x)$.

$$c=0$$

| n | n! | $f^{(n)}(x)$ | $f^{(n)}(c)$ | $(x-c)^n$ | $\frac{f^{(n)}(c)}{n!}(x-c)^n$ |
|---|-----|--------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------------------|
| 0 | 1 | $\sinh x$ | 0 | 1 | $\frac{0}{1}(1) = 0$ |
| 1 | 1 | $\cosh x$ | 1 | (x) | $\frac{1}{1}x = x$ |
| 2 | 2 | $\sinh x$ | 0 | x^2 | $\frac{0}{2}x^2 = 0$ |
| 3 | 6 | $\cosh x$ | 1 | x^3 | $\frac{1}{6}x^3$ |
| 4 | 24 | $\sinh x$ | 0 | x^4 | 0 |
| 5 | 120 | $\cosh x$ | 1 | x^5 | $\frac{1}{120}x^5$ |
| 6 | 720 | $\sinh x$ | 0 | x^6 | 0 |

$$P_n(x) = x + \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{120}x^5 + \dots$$

2. If $e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$ and $\sin x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{2n+1}}{(2n+1)!}$, find the first 5 terms of the Taylor series for $f(x) = e^{-x} \sin x$.

$$(1 - x + \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} - \dots) (x - \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{120}x^5 - \frac{1}{5040}x^7 + \dots)$$

$$x - \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{120}x^5 + \dots - x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^4 + \dots + \frac{x^3}{2} + -\frac{1}{12}x^5 + \dots - \frac{1}{6}x^4 + \dots + \frac{1}{24}x^5 + \dots$$

$$= x - x^2 + \frac{1}{3}x^3 - \frac{1}{30}x^5 + \frac{7}{360}x^6 + \dots$$