

Instructions: Show all work. Give exact values unless specifically asked to round.

1. Find the curvature of the vector-valued function $\vec{r}(t) = 4 \sin(t) \hat{i} - 4 \cos(t) \hat{j} + 2 \sin(t) \hat{k}$. Find the value(s) of t , and the corresponding point(s) in (x, y, z) coordinates where the curvature is a maximum. (You may find the maximum point(s) numerically.)

$$\vec{r}'(t) = 4 \cos t \hat{i} + 4 \sin t \hat{j} + 2 \cos t \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{r}''(t) = -4 \sin t \hat{i} + 4 \cos t \hat{j} - 2 \sin t \hat{k}$$

$$\vec{r}' \times \vec{r}'' = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 4 \cos t & 4 \sin t & 2 \cos t \\ -4 \sin t & 4 \cos t & -2 \sin t \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$(-8 \sin^2 t - 8 \cos^2 t) \hat{i} - (-8 \sin t \cos t + 8 \sin t \cos t) \hat{j} + (16 \cos^2 t + 16 \sin^2 t) \hat{k}$$

$$= -8 \hat{i} + 0 \hat{j} + 16 \hat{k}$$

$$\|\vec{r}' \times \vec{r}''\| = \sqrt{64 + 256} = \sqrt{320} = 8\sqrt{5}$$

$$\|\vec{r}'\| = \sqrt{16 \cos^2 t + 16 \sin^2 t + 4 \cos^2 t} = \sqrt{16 + 4 \cos^2 t} = 2\sqrt{4 + \cos^2 t}$$

$$K = \frac{8\sqrt{5}}{(2\sqrt{4 + \cos^2 t})^3} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{(\sqrt{4 + \cos^2 t})^3}$$

Max at $t = \pi/2$ (3 odd multiples of $\pi/2$)
in space $(4, 0, 2)$